



New York Economic Update

November 18, 2016

Summary

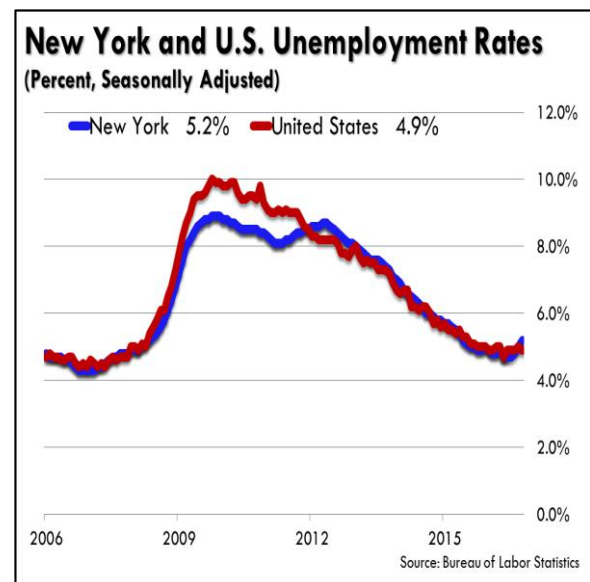
Nonfarm payroll employment in New York declined by 6,200 jobs, and the unemployment rate rose to 5.2 percent in October according to data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS).

New York Unemployment Rate

During October, the unemployment rate in New York increased by 0.2 percentage point to 5.2 percent. The number of people counted as unemployed rose by 14,203 in October to 495,163, while the labor force grew by 29,054 to 9,608,227. Among the 50 states and the District of Columbia, 32 posted lower unemployment rates for the month than New York. A year earlier, the unemployment rate in New York stood at 4.9 percent.

The 10-year peak for the unemployment rate in New York was 8.9 percent in December 2009. The series high for the unemployment rate in New York occurred in January 1976 when the unemployment rate reached 10.4 percent. The 10-year low for the unemployment rate in New York was 4.3 percent in February 2007. The series low for the unemployment rate in New York occurred in May 1988 when the unemployment rate was 4.0 percent. BLS began publishing the state unemployment rate series in 1976.

The national unemployment rate declined by 0.1 percentage point to 4.9 percent in October. October's unemployment rate was 0.1 percentage point lower than a year earlier. The 10-year high for the national unemployment rate was 10.0 percent in October 2009. The 10-year low was 4.4 percent in May 2007.



New York Payroll Employment

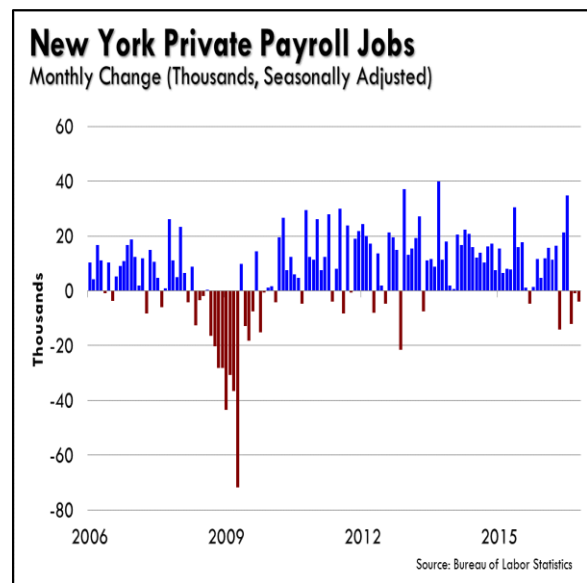
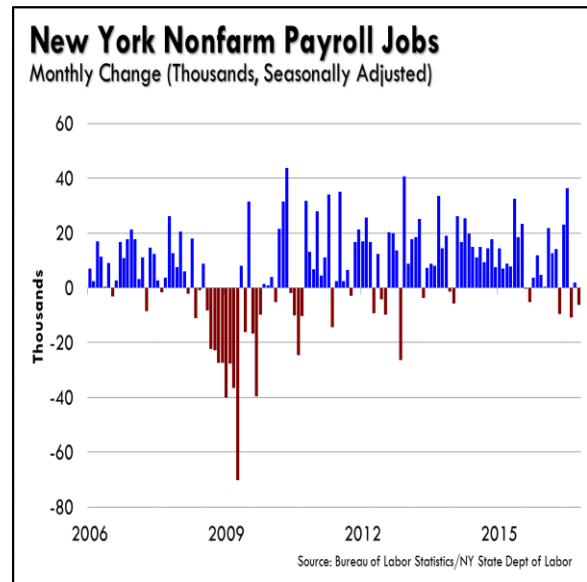
New York nonfarm payrolls declined by 6,200 jobs, or 0.07 percent, on a seasonally adjusted basis during October. In the prior month, nonfarm payrolls increased by 2,000. Over the past 12 months, nonfarm payrolls in New York increased by 100,000, or 1.08 percent. New York nonfarm payroll employment has increased in 9 of the past 12 months.

Nationally, nonfarm payrolls increased by 161,000 jobs in October, or 0.11 percent. Over the 12-month period ending October 2016, nonfarm payrolls grew by 2,357,000 jobs, or 1.65 percent. New York ranks 29th among the 50 states and the District of Columbia for percentage gain in nonfarm payroll employment over the past 12 months.

During October, New York private-sector payrolls declined by 4,000, or 0.05 percent. Private-sector payrolls declined by 1,000 jobs in the prior month. Over the past 12 months, private-sector payrolls in New York increased by 95,900, or 1.22 percent. New York private-sector payroll employment has increased in 8 of the past 12 months.

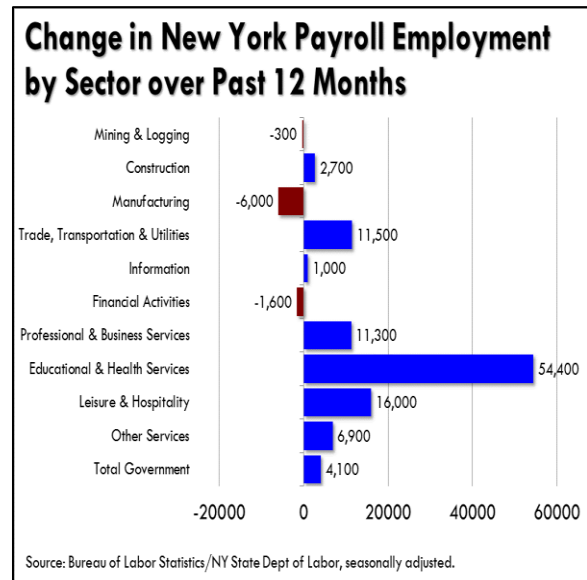
Nationally, private-sector payroll jobs increased by 142,000 jobs in October, or 0.12 percent. Over the past 12 months, the nation's economy has added 2,149,000 jobs in the private-sector, an increase of 1.78 percent. New York ranks 28th among the 50 states and the District of Columbia for percentage gain in private-sector payroll employment over the past 12 months.

During October, total government payroll employment in New York declined by 2,200, or 0.15 percent. Federal government payroll employment declined by 800, or 0.68 percent. State government payroll employment declined by 500, or 0.20 percent, while local government payroll employment declined by 900, or 0.08 percent.



Over the past year, total government payroll employment increased by 4,100, or 0.28 percent. State government payroll employment increased by 1,300, or 0.52 percent. Local government payroll employment increased by 800, or 0.07 percent.

The best performing sectors on a seasonally adjusted basis during October were Trade, Transportation & Utilities (+7,000) and Professional & Business Services (+3,800). The poorest performing sectors during the month were Educational & Health Services (-7,400) and Financial Activities (-3,100).



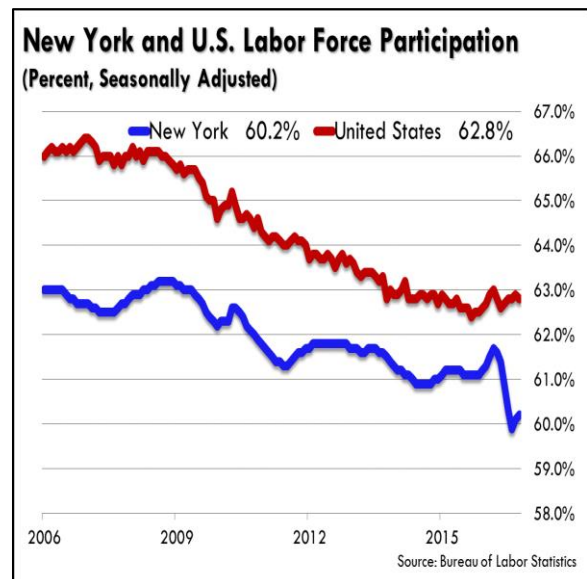
The best performing sectors during the last twelve months were Educational & Health Services (+54,400) and Leisure & Hospitality (+16,000). The poorest performing sectors during the last twelve months were Manufacturing (-6,000) and Financial Activities (-1,600).

Other New York Labor Force Statistics

The labor force participation rate in New York rose to 60.2 percent in October from 60.1 percent the prior month. Among the 50 states and the District of Columbia, 39 have a higher labor force participation rate than New York. The labor force participation rate in New York is unchanged from a year earlier. The labor force participation rate is the percentage of the civilian noninstitutionalized population age 16 and older who are employed or actively looking for work.

The 10-year high for the labor force participation rate in New York was 63.2 percent in December 2008. The series high for the labor force participation rate in New York occurred in December 1989 when the labor force participation rate hit 63.6 percent. The 10-year low for the labor force participation rate was 59.9 percent in August 2016. The series low for the labor force participation rate occurred in December 1976 when the labor force participation rate hit 57.9 percent.

The national labor force participation rate declined by 0.1 percentage point to 62.8 percent in October 2016, but remains near its 38-year low of 62.4 percent.



The employment-to-population ratio, or the percentage of the New York civilian noninstitutionalized population 16 years and older counted as employed, was unchanged at 57.1 percent in October. Among the 50 states and the District of Columbia, 39 have higher employment-to-population ratios than New York. The employment-to-population ratio in New York is 1.0 percentage point lower than a year earlier.

The 10-year high for the employment-to-population ratio in New York was 60.0 percent in January 2007. The series high for the employment-to-population ratio in New York occurred in May 2006 when the employment-to-population ratio hit 60.1 percent. The 10-year low for the employment-to-population ratio was 56.3 percent in October 2011. The series low for the employment-to-population ratio occurred in January 1977 when the employment-to-population ratio was 52.1 percent.

The national employment-to-population ratio declined by 0.1 percentage point to 59.7 percent in October. That rate was 0.4 percentage point higher than a year earlier. The all-time high for the employment-to-population ratio was 64.7 in April 2000. The 10-year high for the employment-to-population ratio was 63.4 percent in December 2006. The recent low occurred in October 2013 when the employment-to-population ratio dipped to 58.2 percent. The last time the employment-to-population ratio posted a reading lower than 58.2 percent was July 1983.

State employment and unemployment data for November is scheduled for release on December 16, 2016. The national employment situation report for November will be released on Friday, December 2, 2016.

